

SYNCHRONOUS PROGRAMMING OF TASKS THAT CAN MISS DEADLINES

4 DECEMBER 2014



Projet porté par

Campus Paris Saclay
FONDATION DE COOPERATION SCIENTIFIQUE

Labellisation principale

SYSTEMATIC
PARIS REGION SYSTEMS & ICT CLUSTER

Labellisations secondaires

advancity
Ville & Mobilité Durables

AS^{Tech}
Paris Region

moveo

Soutien de collectivités territoriales

îledeFrance

Seine
LE CONSEIL GÉNÉRAL

CAPS

01 THE FSF PROJECT

FSF Partners

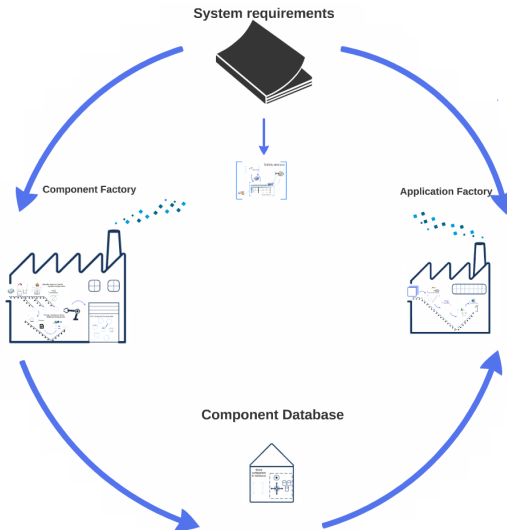
FSF Project Overview

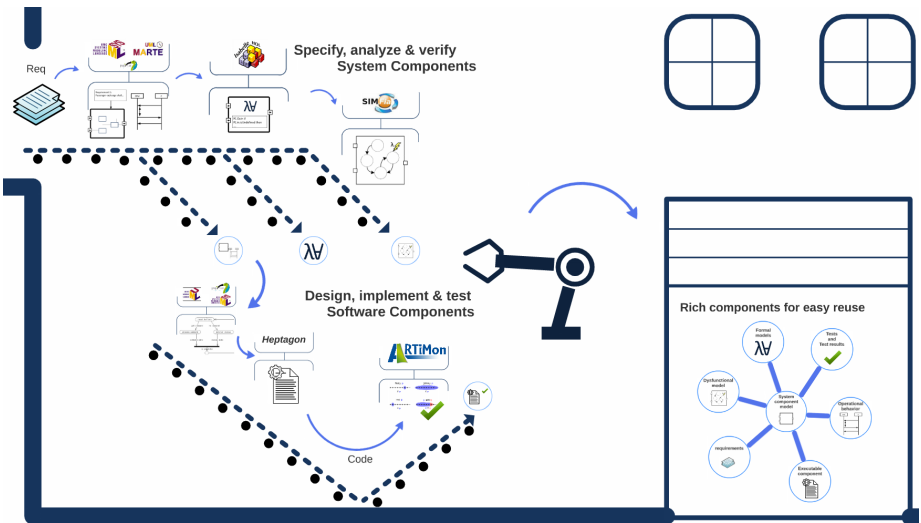
The component factory

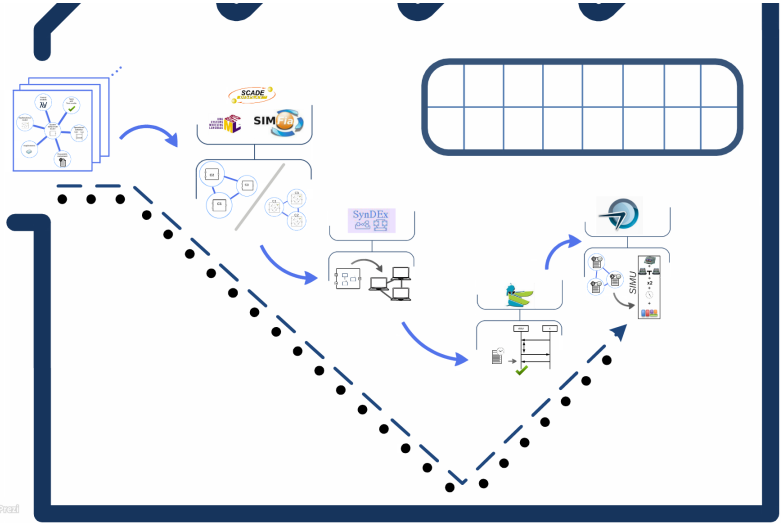
The application factory

Projet FSF









02 A CASE STUDY

Passenger exchange
Simulation
Metrics

Partitionning and scheduling [Zhang 2014]



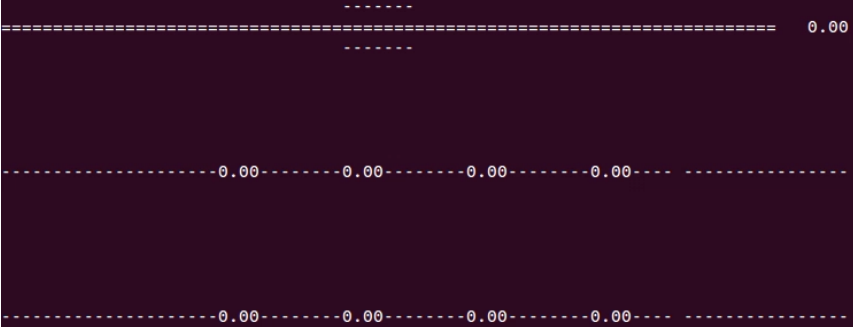
◆ Mission

- ◆ Issue commands to open or close doors according to a given mission
- ◆ Issue announcements to inform the passenger of an imminent opening/closing
- ◆ Send warnings to the traffic supervision when the passenger exchange cannot be completed

◆ Safety

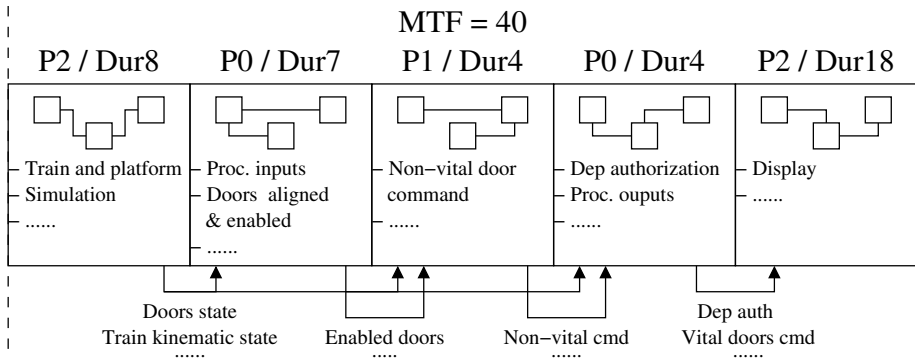
- ◆ If the train is not immobilized, the doors can't be opened
- ◆ Only properly aligned doors can be opened
- ◆ The train is not allowed to leave as long as all the doors are not closed

Time elapsed: 0.32



Software specifications metrics	
Functions	≈ 30
Requirements	≥ 100

Code metrics	Files	LOC
Heptagon sources	27	2741
C generated from Heptagon	70	7014
Additional C code	11	611



03 DESCRIBING FUNCTIONAL DEPENDENCIES

Tool chain

Some advantages of LoPhT and Heptagon

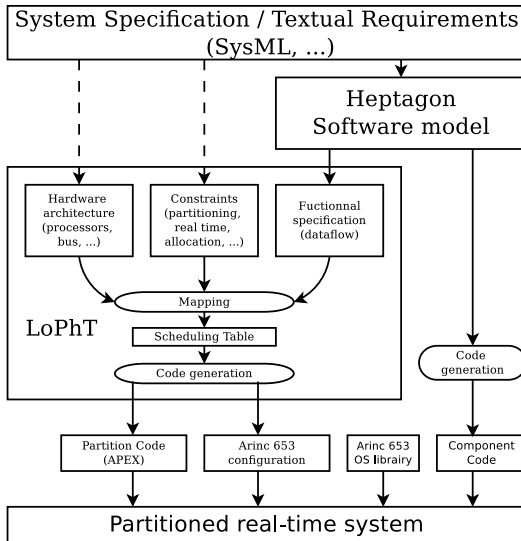
Writing clocked graphs in Heptagon

Clocked Graphs

Heptagon architecture

Clock translation 1/2

Clock translation 2/2



- ◆ Passenger Exchange software specifications are written in an equational and synchronous style
- ◆ Almost direct translation from Heptagon to Clocked Graphs
- ◆ Easy to implement experimental features in Heptagon
- ◆ Mutual exclusion in LoPhT

```

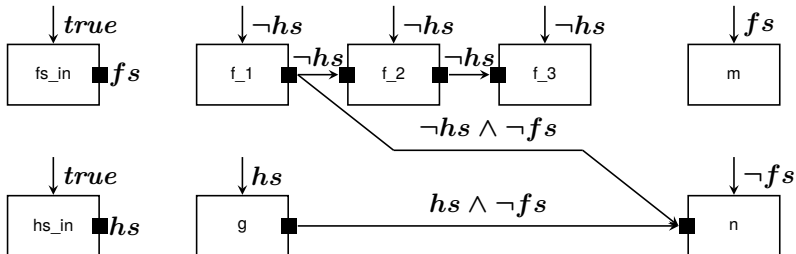
node fdc(hs : bool) returns (id : int)
let
  if hs then
    id = g();
  else
    var v : int; in
      id = f1();
      v = f2(id);
      () = f3(v);
  end
end
tel

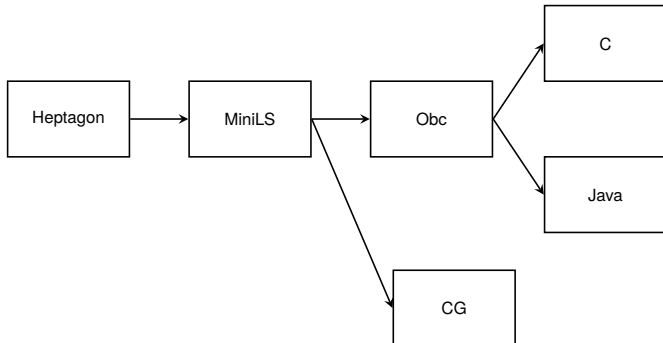
node correction(fs : bool; id : int) returns ()
let
  if fs then
    () = n();
  else
    () = m(id);
  end
end
tel

node main() returns ()
var
  id : int;
  fs, hs : bool;
let
  fs = fs_in();
  hs = hs_in();
  id = fdc(hs);
  () = correction(fs, id);
end
tel

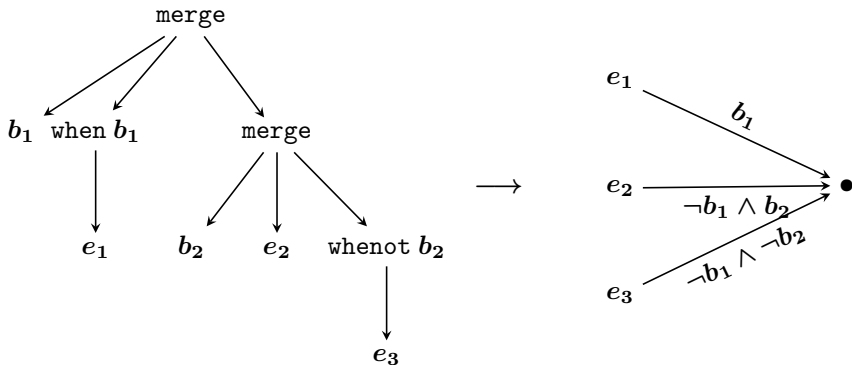
```

[Potop-Butucaru et al. 2009]

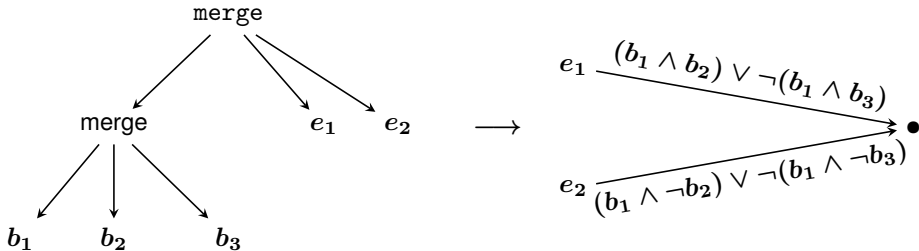




merge b₁ (e₁ when b₁) (merge b₂ e₂ e₃)



merge (merge b_1 b_2 b_3) e_1 e_2



04 TASKS MISSING DEADLINES

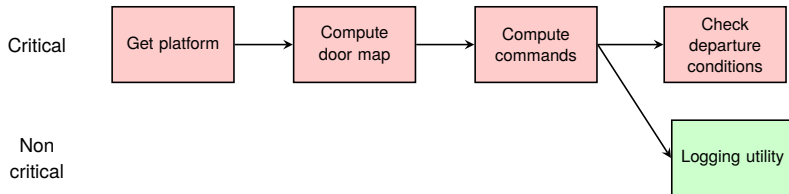
Mixed criticality

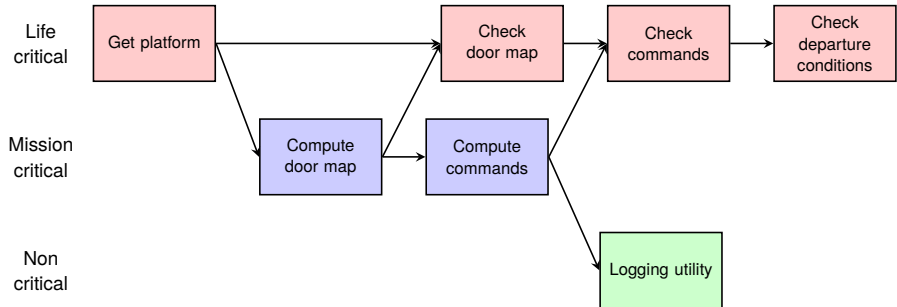
The Idea

Example

Using clocks

Ideas and Future work





- ◆ Non time-critical tasks must not delay time-critical ones
- ◆ Allow non time-critical tasks to miss deadlines to reduce certification cost
- ◆ Handle data absence programmatically
- ◆ Safety vs Disponibility

```

task check_commands(unpunctual door_commands : command^n; door_map : int^n)
  returns (safe_commands : command^n)
let
  if ontime door_commands then
    safe_commands = map<<n>> check_command(door_commands, door_map);
  else
    safe_commands = None^n;
  end
tel

node check_command(door_command : command; door_map : int)
  returns (safe_command : command)
let
  safe_command = if door_map <> -1 then door_command else None;
tel

```



```
task check_commands(unpunctual door_commands : command^n = None^n;  
                    door_map : int^n)  
  returns (safe_commands : command^n)  
let  
  safe_commands = map<<n>> check_command(door_commands, door_map);  
tel
```

```
task check_commands(door_commands : command^n; door_map : int^n)  
  returns (safe_commands : command^n)
```

```
task check_commands_degenerated(door_map : int^n)  
  returns (safe_commands : command^n)
```

```
unpunctual task compute_commands(door_map : int^n)  
  returns (commands : command^n)
```

```

node passenger_exchange () returns ()
var
  door_map : int^n;
  unpunctual door_commands : command^n;
  ...
let
  ...
  door_commands = compute_commands(door_map);
  if ontime door_commands then
    check_commands(door_commands, door_map);
  else
    check_commands_degenerated(door_map);
  end
  ...
tel

```

```
node check_commands(  
  door_commands_clock : bool;  
  door_commands_value : command^n :: door_commands_clock;  
  door_map : int^n)  
  returns (safe_commands : command^n)  
let  
  if door_commands_clock then  
    safe_commands = map<<n>> check_command(door_commands_value , door_map);  
  else  
    safe_commands = None^n;  
  end  
tel
```

```

node check_command(
  door_commands_clock : bool;
  door_commands_value : command^n :: door_commands_clock;
  door_map : int^n)
  returns (safe_commands : command^n)
var
  door_commands : command^n;
let
  door_commands = merge door_commands_clock
    door_commands_value
    (None^n whennot door_commands_clock);
  safe_commands = map<<n>> check_command(door_commands, door_map);
tel
  
```

- ◆ Allow task killing
- ◆ Using futures [Gérard et al. 2012] in fonctionnal dependencies
- ◆ Relax synchronous hypothesis and use losseless buffering [Yip, Kuo, Roop, Broman 2014]
- ◆ Allow partial output

SYNCHRONOUS PROGRAMMING OF TASKS THAT CAN MISS DEADLINES

4 DECEMBER 2014



Projet porté par

Campus Paris Saclay
FONDATION DE COOPERATION SCIENTIFIQUE

Labellisation principale

SYSTEMATIC
PARIS REGION SYSTEMS & ICT CLUSTER

Labellisations secondaires

advancity
Ville & Mobilité Durables

AS^{Tech}
Paris Region

moveo

Soutien de collectivités territoriales

îledeFrance

Esforce
LE CONSEIL GÉNÉRAL

CAPS